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Substitute for Form PTO-875

Application or Docket Number

09/765829

CLAIMS AS FILED - PART I

(Column 1)

(Column 2)

SMALL ENTITY

OR

OTHER THAN
SMALL ENTITY

FOR	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA
BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.10(a))		
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.10(c))	minus 20 =	
ADDITIONAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.10(h))	minus 3 =	
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS PRESENT (37 CFR 1.10(d))		

RATE	FEE
	\$
x 1	
x 1	
x 1	
TOTAL	

RATE	FEE
	\$.
A \$.....	
B \$.....	
C \$.....	
TOTAL	

* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter '0' in column 2

CLAIMS AS AMENDED - PART II

(Column 1)

(Column 2)

(Colutor 3)

SMALL ENTITY

OR

OTHER THAN
SMALL ENTITY

AMENDMENT A	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT	HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA
Total (32 CFR 160.11)	60	62	1
Independent (32 CFR 160.11)	10	10	

DATE	ADDITIONAL FEE
11-1-74	
11-1-74	
11-1-74	
TOTAL ADDITIONAL FEE	

SMALL ENTITY	
RATE	ADDITIONAL FEE
\$ _____	
\$ _____	
\$ _____	
TOTAL ADDL FEE	

AMENDMENT B	(Column 1)	(Column 2)	(Column 3)
	CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT	HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	PRESENT EXTRA
Total of Claims	+	Minus	+
Unpaid Claims	+	Minus	+

CLAIMS PAID FOR BY THE INSURANCE COMPANY LESS UNPAID CLAIMS OF THE INSURANCE COMPANY

RATE	ADDITIONAL FEE
1.5	
1.5	
1.5	
TOTAL	
ADDITIONAL FEE	

RATE	ADD: TIONAL FEE
1 3 2	
2 3 1	
3 3 2	
TOTAL	
4001 FEE	

AMENDMENT C	CLAIMANT		CLAIM NO.		FILE NO.
	CLAIMS REMAINING AT LCR DATE (DEPENDENT)		HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR		
1		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
2		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
3		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
4		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
5		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
6		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
7		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
8		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
9		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
10		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
11		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
12		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
13		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
14		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
15		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
16		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
17		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
18		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
19		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
20		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
21		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
22		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
23		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
24		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
25		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
26		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
27		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
28		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
29		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
30		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
31		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
32		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
33		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
34		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
35		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
36		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
37		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
38		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
39		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
40		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
41		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
42		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
43		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
44		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
45		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
46		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
47		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
48		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
49		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
50		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
51		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
52		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
53		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
54		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
55		1000000	1000000	1000000	1000000
56		1000000</			

RAII	ADDI 1000000 FEE
1 \$	
1 \$	
1 \$	
TOTAL ADDI FEE	

DATE	ADD: TODAY, 1991
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	
TOTAL ADD: 1111	

* If P is not a σ -algebra, it is easy to see that the only exception is $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R})$, cf. theorem 3.

¹ H. P. G. J. van der Grinten, *Proc. 10th Int. Conf. on High-Speed Machining*, 1990, pp. 1-10.

1. The \mathbb{Z}_2 -action on $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$ is given by $(a, b) \mapsto (a, b + a)$. The \mathbb{Z}_2 -action on $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$ is given by $(a, b) \mapsto (a, b + a)$.

It can be shown that f_1 is a \mathbb{C} -bilinear form on \mathbb{C}^2 if and only if α is the key not number k used in the algorithm to generate f_1 .

[illegible]